

SEVERE ACUTE RESPIRATORY SYNDROME

FORM

Consent Form (SARS Laboratory Testing Public Health Response): Reverse Transcriptase Polymerase Chain Reaction (RT-PCR) Testing

Information regarding SARS laboratory testing may change. For the most current information and up-to-date version of this document, see www.cdc.gov/ncidod/sars/diagnosis.htm.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and public health laboratories are using an experimental laboratory test as one tool in a public health response to the "severe acute respiratory syndrome" (SARS) outbreak. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has not approved this test. We don't know for sure if this test can detect all people who may get sick with SARS. There are no proven tests that quickly find the virus.

Your State Health Department and/or CDC are using this test as one tool to help us find out if people are infected. We are using this test to respond to the SARS outbreak and limit spread of this illness.

Background

SARS is a respiratory illness that can start as fever and cough. It may go on to pneumonia in some people. SARS seems to be spread by close person-to-person contact. SARS may also spread by touching the skin of other people or objects with infected droplets and then touching your eye(s), nose, or mouth. This can occur when someone who is sick with SARS coughs or sneezes droplets onto themselves, other people, or nearby surfaces. It also is possible that SARS can be spread through the air or by other ways that we don't yet know about.

Why Should My (My Child's) Sample Be Tested?

We are asking you (or your child) to be tested for the SARS-related virus because you (or your child):

- Have symptoms that resemble those of SARS, and/or
- Had traveled 10 days before start of symptoms to an area that had reported SARS cases, and/or
- Have cared for, lived with, or had direct contact with a patient with suspected SARS.

Are There Any Benefits?

There may be no direct benefits to you (or your child) from having this test done. This test may help to find the virus in people who do not yet have all the signs of SARS. If people with the SARS virus limit contact with other people, this can prevent others from getting sick. By having this test done, you could lower the chance of spreading the virus from you (your child) to your family or others. Use of this test could also help us to know more about this virus to help stop the spread of this illness. Some or all of these may benefit you (your child).

Are There Any Risks?

There is a small chance that this test may give a positive result for the SARS virus when the virus is not present (false positive). If your (your child's) result from this test is positive:

 You (your child) could be asked to limit contact outside the home by not going to work, school, out-of-home childcare, church, or other public areas. You may also be asked to use a mask at May 30, 2003

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home to limit the risk of spread of the virus. If you (your child) have had symptoms of SARS, you might be asked to follow these limits because of these symptoms and not because of the test results. However, if your (your child's) samples tested positive, there is a small chance that you (your child) may be asked to follow these limits even if you (your child) have no symptoms.

- 2. There is no proven treatment for SARS at this time. If you (your child) your child is very ill, in rare cases, you (your child) may be advised to take an antiviral drug. You can refuse such treatments, but if you take them, they might cause side effects.
- 3. Based on the testing results, your (or your child's) doctor may choose to change how your care will be managed.

This test may give a negative result when you (or your child) actually have the virus (false negative).

A false negative result should not have an effect on your (or your child's) care. CDC has told doctors that a negative test does not prove that a person does or does not have the SARS virus. No changes in your medical care or how you interact with people around you should be based on a negative result.

Your (or your child's) doctor will use other information along with this test to decide what is best for you (your child).

To do this test, extra samples may be collected that are like samples that are normally taken for laboratory testing when you are sick. These samples may include nasal swab or aspirate, or throat swab. The swabs are taken by placing one small Dacron swab into the back of your (or your child's) nose and one into the back of your (or your child's) throat for 5 seconds each. A nasal aspirate may also be done by placing and then, after a few seconds, removing 1-2 cc (less than ½ teaspoon) of salt water into each side of your (or your child's) nose. These tests don't hurt, but may cause a little discomfort. Occasionally they make people gag, cough, or get a bloody nose.

Are There Other Choices?

There are no other rapid laboratory tests approved by FDA that can be used to tell whether you (or your child) have the virus believed to be causing SARS.

What About Privacy?

We will keep all facts about you (your child) as private as the law allows. CDC, FDA, the Local/State Health Department staff, and the person(s) who ordered your test (such as your Doctor) may see your/your child's results. When we present or publish papers about these tests, neither you (nor your child) will be identified.

What Are the Costs?

The test will be done by CDC or your health department at no cost. You, your insurer, Medicare or Medicaid will need to pay for other costs related to the testing, such as doctor's visits.

What Happens If You (Your Child) Are Harmed?

If you (your child) are harmed as a result of taking the samples, CDC will not pay the costs for hospital and medical care. You, your insurer, Medicare or Medicaid will need to pay those costs. You (or your child) do not give up any legal rights that otherwise would be available to you (or your child).

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Right to Refuse

This testing is voluntary. It is your choice to have this testing done on you (your child). If you refuse to have the testing done, then you (or your child) will not lose the right to get other health care because of not having results from these tests. Your doctor will take care of you (your child) in the same way they would take care of you (your child) if this test were not available.

Whom to Call If You Have Questions

Please call your doctor if you have any questions about this testing. If you have questions about your (or your child's) rights as a participant in this testing program, please call the CDC Associate Director for Science at 1-800-584-8814. Leave a message including your (or your child's) name, phone number and that the protocol # is 3911. Someone will call you back as soon as possible.

Consent Statement

I agree that this investigational labo	oratory testing can be done on samples collected from me (my child).
I have read the above and have had	d my questions answered by
Print Patient's Name:	
Patient's/Parent's Signature:	Date:
Witness to signature:	Date:
Physician witness to signature:	Date:
Consent for Sample Storage Thank you for agreeing for you (or your child) to be in this program. We are asking for your consent to store any remainders of your (your child's) samples used for SARS virus testing at CDC for future SARS-related research. If the results of any future tests are important for your medical care we will make every effort to notify your physician.	
	ng or HIV testing unless we contact you and ask for your consent. If our mind later please fax Suzette Bartley at 404-639-0590.
☐ Yes, I agree to long-term storage	e of my (my child's) samples for future testing
\square No, I do not agree to long-term s	storage of my (my child's) samples for future testing
Print Patient's Name:	
Patient's/Parent's Signature:	Date:

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NOTE: PLEASE RETURN OR FAX A SIGNED COPY OF THIS FORM TO

Suzette Bartley Centers for Disease Control and Prevention 1600 Clifton Rd. Mailstop L02 Atlanta, Ga. 30333 FAX: 404-639-0590

For more information, visit www.cdc.gov/ncidod/sars or call the CDC public response hotline at (888) 246-2675 (English), (888) 246-2857 (Español), or (866) 874-2646 (TTY)

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